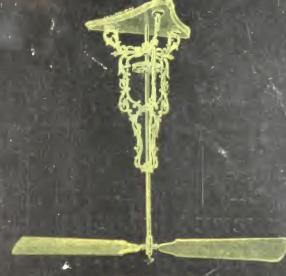
CATALOGUE

OF SEYMOUR'S PATENT

ROTARY VENTILATING FANS



MANUFACTURED BY

SEYMOUR & WHITLOCK,
43 LAWRENCE STREET,

NEWARK; N. J., U. S. A.

M. PLUM, PRINT.



ELECTRIC OFFICE VENTILATOR.

A QUIET AND POSITIVE VENTILATOR; CAN BE USED AS AN AGITATOR OR EXHAUSTER.

Get the Best and Save Money. A Good Article is Always the Cheapes

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Avoid Cheap Lubricants.

Oil should not be used to lubricate either Fan or Shaft Journals. We furnish a lubricator which supersedes both oil and the ordinary grease. It prevents the heating of journals and dripping, which is unavoidable with oil. Insures quiet and smooth running and saves constant oiling, which is of the utmost importance where fans are used. Its superiority as a lubricant is beyond question, and no other should be need.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

524-8

CATALOGUE

SEYMOUR'S PATENT

ROTARY VENTILATING FANS,



MANUFACTURED BY

SEYMOUR & WHITLOCK,

43 Lawrence Street,

NEWARK, N. J., - - U. S. A.

SEYMOUR'S

PATENT ROTARY VENTILATING FANS.

NO INVENTION HAS DONE MORE FOR MAN'S HEALTH AND COMFORT.

40,000 NOW IN USE.

They are Indispensable in all Climates.

They Insure Reliable Ventilation.

They drive out Flies and Mosquitos.

They are used in Sick Rooms.

They equalize the Temperature.

They break up Draughts.

They insure Comfort.

They keep you Cool in Hot Weather.

They are used in Stables.

They give Horses Rest.

They are used in Stores.

They are used in Factories.

They are used in Public Buildings.

They are used in Theatres.

They are used in Laundries.

They are used in Breweries.

They are used in Hotels.

They are used in Offices.

They are used in Restaurants.

They are used in Railroad Stations.

They are used on Steamers.

They are used in Store Houses.

They are used in Slaughter Houses.

They are used in Butcher Shops. They are used in Bakeries.

They are used in Kitchens.

They are used in Kitchens.

They are used for Drying Leather.

They are used for Drying Goat and Sheep Skins.

They can be Regulated to all Temperatures. They require but little Attention.

They can be worked by Hand.

They are Praised Wherever Used.

DECISIONS OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS IN PATENT CASES.

Notice to Dealers and Purchasers of Rotary Ventilating Fans.

GNORANCE being no excuse in law, public attention is called to the fact that the Seymour Rotary Ventilating Fan is protected by Letters Patent granted by the United States and Canada.

It is well known that no sooner is a valuable invention placed on the market and found to meet with public favor, than claimants for alleged improvements spring up in every direction. These claimants, while they seldom originate, are ever ready and on the lookout for a chance to display their ingenuity—not by new discoveries, but by making claim to improvements on original inventions. These claims, so often allowed under our present patent system, not unfrequently mislead purchasers and subject them to law suits and subsequent damages for infringement.

It must be understood, however, that while the Patent Office grants patents to claimants for improvements, it does not ignore or lessen the rights of original inventions. This has been fully established by a late decision of the United States Supreme Court in the case of Tilghman vs. Proctor, which settles the question as to the rights of inventors of improvements on original patents. The Supreme Court, in its decision, held that Tilghman having discovered a substantial principle, his claim was not to be limited to his special apparatus, but would protect him against infringers using the same principle or process in any form of apparatus.

HO TO DE OF OH

Proctor that the validity of the last decision of Tilghman as Practor that the validity of the broad claim of Bell's telephone parents was anatomed by Judge Gray, of Boston. The Judge in giving the decision, and it. Few legal rules have been oftener establishments of and misapplied than the masses that you cannot patent a principle. A person who has invented or discovered any new and useful art, is contiled to a patent for the process of which he is the first inventee, and is not restricted to the parallelar form of surfaceliar by using the parallelar powers who afterwards invente as improved form of apparatus imbodying the name process, may indeed obtain a patent for his improvement, has be dat me right to us the process in his own in any value form of apparatus workers the consent of the first large.

U. S. CINCUIT COURT

Service Morrison, what

Ramboul Pair s, 1984

(ii) If his never been held that an equivalent known at the date of the investion could be used without infringing the princes such a bridge if percently adopted, would amount prescribelly to the destruction of the law of equivalents.

of If we invested in the first to produce a result, he is entitled he as more throws at the date of his potent by which the same result can be produced.

To the year of Herry or Constructed, Judge Springrie man "These formulable is at that after a great intention has been beengle before the world, has become known to the public and put in here to be useful, that people start up in rurning places and distant that they invested the name thing before. After hings one what has been down the mind is very ups to blend only impossible or the readout price remainsystems and confuse them together. Peopless after the sense, is easy property.

From the above it will be seen, that the United States Cover strend to broad's and fully predect inventors who have note what and improvements in the art, against those where the claims of the inventors measure simply to the application of and known thereon, or thought of mechanism for the purpose of

charactering or original investors.

Persons contemplating the use of Rotary Ventilating Fans will find it to their interest, before purchasing, to examine the Patent Office records as to the validity of the patents offered, and compare the same with the claims of the patents granted to James M. Seymour for Rotary Fans.

And the patentee hereby gives notice to any and all parties who may be engaged in making, vending, using or in any way infringing said patented rights, that they will be held to a strict account for damages.

PATENTS GRANTED TO JAMES M. SEYMOUR FOR ROTARY VENTILATING FANS.

Pa	tent	No.	284,077,	dated	August	28, 1883.
Re-issue	,,	17		,,	December	2, 1884.
,,	11		10,657,	,,	November	3, 1885.
,	1.9	11	325,453,	,,	September	1, 1885.
	11		326,883,	7.1	September	22, 1885.
	11		330,627,		November	17, 1885.
	11		331,092,		November	24, 1885.
	,,		332,446,		December	15, 1885.
	,,		333,349,		December	29, 1885.

SEYMOUR'S PATENT ROTARY VENTILATING FANS.

Ventilating Fan is the best practical means yet devised to insure positive and reliable ventilation. The most important feature of this system, in addition to its extreme simplicity, is the case with which the fan can be regulated to conform to all temperatures, so as to impart during the hottest of weather, a cool and pleasant circulation of air

No better proof of the superiority of this Fan over all other attempts at ventilating can be had than the practical results obtained from an inspection of the fans themselves, which can be had by visiting some one of the many Hotels, Offices, Stores, Dinning Rooms, Salosons, Markets or Factories now using them in the country and Canada

STARTING AND STOPPING PANS.

This is done by comply princip the Cap (which is consisted with the Regulator between the Cap (which is a second to be a secon

FARL FOR WINTER USE.

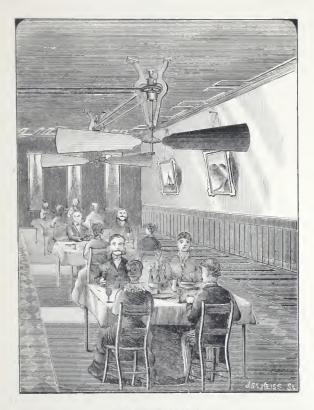
THE prevening this that Post are intrinsical forms from the second form and the state purposes, but provided a specialist represents form providing the respective of the first property of the second form to be of great value as a feature of specialists for respectively of record as Winstein This is done for the second the Transaction and accompanient of the feature which when it is the first provided as a feature of the fe

If the Para are used according to direction repleased duplic will be quested and an economic of compensation will be becomed

SELF-REGULATING FRICTIONAL MOVEMENT.

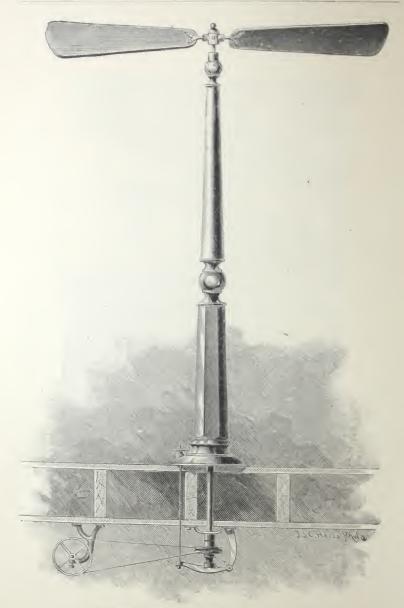
For Keeping Rooms Free from Flies.

designed for the purpose of Keeping Rooms Free from Flies. The Frictional Movement, while it imparts sufficient motion to the Fans to accomplish that purpose, yet does not, even on cool days, create an unpleasant circulation. Hundreds of Fans are now used in Dining Rooms and Markets; and for the purpose alone of keeping out flies it has proved invaluable, it being a well-known and noticeable fact that no matter how infested a room may be with flies, they disappear as soon as the Fans are in motion.



TANDEM FANS.

The above cut represents the arrangement for running Fans "Tandem," or one from the other, by means of double groove pulleys. Two Fans driven from another is all that can be worked advantageously in this way.



Columnar Fan, with Frictional Clutch.

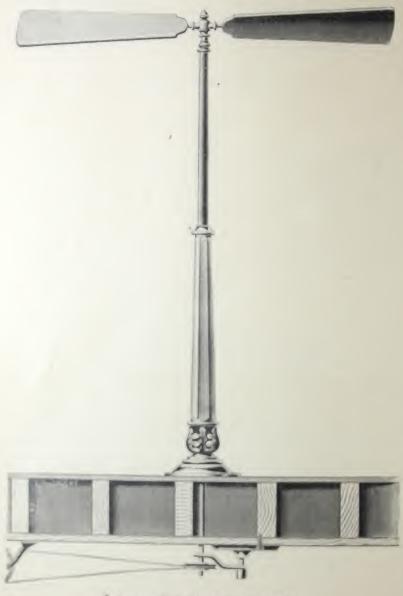
COLUMNAR FANS.

Frictional Clutch.

Columnar Fans. The sectional view shows the Frictional Attachment and general arrangement for driving the Fan from under the floor. This Fan can be stopped or started at pleasure, without the necessity of interfering with the motive power of any other Fan that may be in operation. This is of the most importance, especially during changeable weather, when, for personal comfort, it is found necessary to increase or diminish the speed of a Fan so as to conform to any change in temperature. Columnar Fans are provided with this attachment, can be worked and regulated independently of each other, which at times is absolutely necessary to insure an agreeable and perfect ventilation.

Columnar Fans are more particularly intended for Halls, Hotels, Hospitals and places having high ceilings, for which, when required, we make special designs, richly ornamented, to harmonize favorably with other decorations of the room.

Fans of special design vary in price according to design and ornamentation.

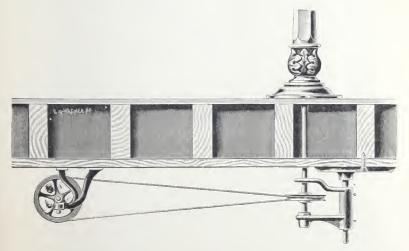


Columnar Fan with Positive Clutch

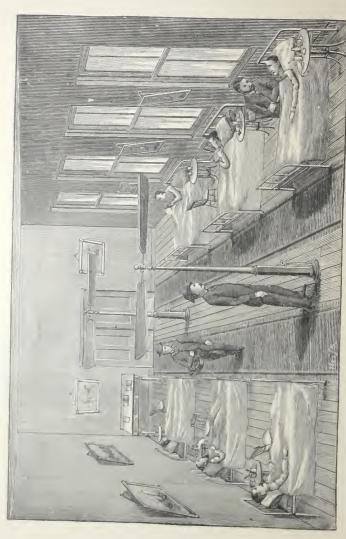
COLUMNAR FAN.

With Positive Clutch.

page, is the one now in general use. It is not only symmetrical in design, but durable, easily adjusted and positive in action. The upper half of column is of brass, nickel plated, and the lower part being of japanned iron, gives it a rich and pleasing appearance. The clutching arrangement for starting and stopping the movement of the blades is immediately below the fan blades. When unclutched the blades move slowly, imparting a gentle circulation of air. The maximum speed can be had by throwing in the clutch, making it cool and refreshing in the hottest of weather.



The above cut shows the lower part of the Fan on opposite page, with arrangement for supporting and driving fan shaft beneath the floor.



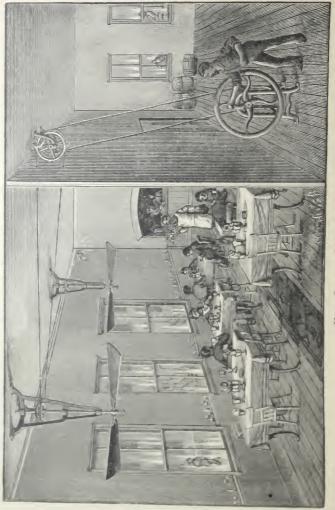
Rotary Ventilating Fans for Hospitals.

ROTARY VENTILATING FANS FOR HOSPITALS.

GENERAL idea of the arrangement of Columnar Fans in Hospitals is shown on the opposite page. We would state, however, that when the construction of the building will not admit of the use of the Fans as here presented, the Suspended Fans can be used to equally as good an advantage. It remains an undisputed fact that nothing (and particularly so during hot and sultry weather) is more conducive to the comfort of patients than a positive and proper circulation of air unattended by drafts. This very desirable object is attained by the use of our Rotary Ventilating Fans. They not only furnish cool and refreshing air, but at the same time keep the room free from flies. The air circulation can be increased or diminished at pleasure in any part of the room, to suit the comfort of the patients. This is done by means of the Regulator, with which each Fan is provided, and so arranged that each Fan is independent of the other, and can be stopped or started, and made to run slow or fast to produce the desired circulation. We would invite those interested to investigate this method of ventilating for the purpose above mentioned.

Hospitals in India.

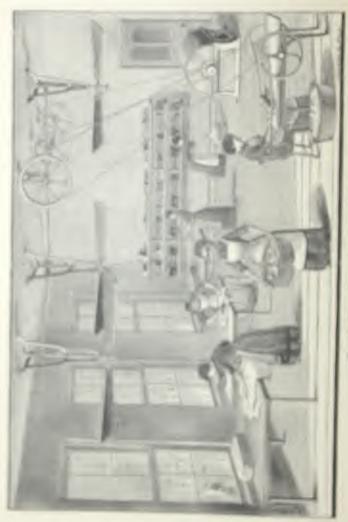
A correspondent of the press, speaking of the hospitals in India, says: "The fans suspended in the great hospital at Madras for the purification of the air, which has hitherto been by hand, are now operated by steam power, the substitution being both effective and economical. The machinery by which this is accomplished is quite simple. The fans, 100 in number, work smoothly, steadily and without noise of any kind. The uniform, continuous motion insures the desired change of air without occasioning a draft."



Man Power Attachment.

MAN POWER ATTACHMENT.

AVING had many inquiries for Ventilating Fans from the country, sea-side and other places where water and steam power is not obtainable, we have completed a very simple machine whereby the Fans can be worked to advantage by man power, as shown in the engraving on the opposite page. By its use one man can with comparative ease run from 6 to 8 Fans, the action of the Fans clearing the room of flies and other insects, creating at the same time a positive and pleasant circulation of air, which is almost indispensable in dining rooms at meal hours. This simple device enables parties that are unprovided with steam or water power to keep the rooms free from flies and provide for their guests, during hot and sultry weather, a cool and refreshing circulation of air.



bertilating fant for Landpoort

VENTILATING FANS FOR LAUNDRIES.

NE of the severest tests to which the Seymour Rotary Fans have been subjected, has been in the ventilating of laundries. Being the first to successfully accomplish this purpose with Ventilating Fans, we present a sketch showing the general arrangement of same.

By this means a positive circulation of the air is produced (which can be increased or diminished at pleasure), and make rooms that heretofore were insufferable during hot weather, pleasant and comfortable.

To parties who have failed with experiments, we would say that this system of ventilating is a well-known and an established success, and can be seen in operation in hundreds of places, both in this city and other sections of country.



Columnar Fan for Counter.

COLUMNAR FANS FOR COUNTERS.

neat style of Rotary Ventilating Fans, used for counters. They take up but little room, and are specially adapted for Hotels, Stores, Saloons and Lunch Counters. Like all the other Columnar Fans, they are provided with the Graduating Attachment, which allows the Fan to be run fast or slow, at pleasure. They are ornamental, and a luxury in warm weather.

Specially designed Fans vary in price according to style and ornamentation.



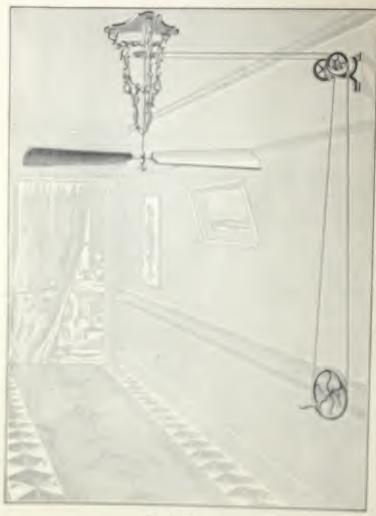
Columns for for Businesses

COLUMNAR FANS FOR RESTAURANTS

Columnar Fan, provided with Circular Tables on which to place eatables. It is a sure protection from flies, and serves the same purpose for ventilating as any of our other Fans. They are ornamental, and the food being absolutely free from flies, gives everything a clean and inviting appearance

Parties using these Pans will at once see the benefit to be therived from their use, and, as they combine all the advantages of the regular fan and purposes before mentioned, every Restaurant should have one

Special designs vary in price according to ornamentation.



Rend Power

HAND POWER.

E present a very neat, cheap and simple design for driving from one to three Fans. They are easily worked, and take up but little room, as shown in the cut. For the sick room, nothing could be more desirable; they have been successfully used for that purpose, and are highly recommended. They were especially designed for places where other power cannot be conveniently secured, and are now in use in Mexico and South America.

We can furnish them plain or ornamented.

When ordering, the height of ceiling and other dimensions of room should be given.



opposite page is shown a very neat arrangement for driving Fans, which is much used for rooms with low ceilings, and where overhead shafting would be objectionable.

Where two or three Fans are needed, they can be driven "tandem," by belting from one to the other.

The Driving Shaft in this case is located beneath the floor, and the belt, as shown in cut, carried through openings in floor to an Idler fastened to the side wall, and thence to the Fan. The belt, if desired, can be suitably incased, relieving the room from any objectionable feature.



ELECTRIC FARS

HOLLS Fan, as the name indicating to driven about from an appropriate of spectra matter. We would state that the equivalent of power as this way, while it dispenses with the same of drafts and belting, is much these sequences and the officers that the others we can be other From Second processed and its process.

In ventilating the first object to be kept to seem a secure as even and portion providence of all and the first of arranged that they can be regulated to just has at all the according to the changes in temperature.

This was first took to be a first took to be a secure of the post of the control of the post of the po

If you are more form and marked, the delicate that has of one marked to dry to the compact to dry to the compact to the compac



programs for and to tryl carrier. When formed, on board special disappro-

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STANSARD STELL

Storages Fax he comes of over the transport to the special designs formed when required



STANDARD STYLE.

Starthorn Fas, 1100 Outsited Height Chiling.



STANDARD STYLE.

Street Fas. Usen me Los Centres.



FARCY SCHOLL

SCHOOL FAN. USED IN HEAT COLUMN



FANCY SCROLL

SCHOOL FAN, USEN FOR DEDISARY HEIGHT CHIENCE.



Hartmood Idden



Spit Cone Pullay Double Groom



Limstell Fast Pality.



Counter Shaft, with Flat and Ground Parky



Fancy Adjustable Hanger for Line Shaft and Counter.



Plain Adjustable Hanger for Line Shaft and Counter.



SAFETA PINS, as Used on Fans.

SAFETY PINS.

AVOID DANGER. 1

NO FAN SAFE WITHOUT THEM.

SERTIOUS remits have aroses from Jan blades working home and flying lost of the Jan bulo.

This is of continue requirement where not across alone are tooled the street or position. The loss of Safety Persilon come this difficulty, and made the Motary Verillating Pure perfectly aste and retailed. It having requestible for a loss black to thy out, even it the not across, which is empressed to hand it should work boom. This safety applicants contain at two persitors are furnished with such lim, and a hore corresponding to the size of the points of the should of the him black is inserted into the him on the pin, after the shock of the him black is inserted into the him only property and the black from thoughts in the hole, not only property angle of the black, by manyly receiving blacks until the persistence the black from thoughts or not also black until the persistence the balls.

As a matter of procession, fam in every instance should be provided with Safety Pine before they are started

PRICE LIST SUSPENDED FANS

With Standard Blades.

					51	AND ARD,			FANCY S	CROLL.
	8	inch	drop)		6.25			§	8.25
	12	22	11			7.00				9.25
1 foot	6	11	• •			7.75				10.00
2 17						8.50				11.00
2 ,,	6	1.0				9.25		4		12.00
3 ,,		11	1.9			10,00		444		13.00
3	6	9.9	4.1	-10-11		10.75	۰	4		14.00
4 ,,		22	11			11.50				15.00
4	6	-114				12,25		4		16.00
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5 11	6	100	* * *			13.75				18.00
6		10	10			14.50				19.00
6 ,	6	4.1		W 1 15 -		15.25		(1		20.00
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7 1	6					16-75		$((+,)^{2}++++)^{2}+++))$	FY0	22.00
N v		N		17-130		17-50		1		23-00

Suspended Fans of special design vary in price according to style and ornamentation.

Columnar Pans can be furnished from standard or special designs, from \$25 and upward.

Columnar Fans for Counters, range according to design and finish, \$25 and upward.

Collingor Fans for Restaurants, vary according to ornamentation, \$50 and upward

All goods delivered at works. Boxing extra.

The Deaf is the distance from the Fan Blade is the Ceiling. To insure the less circulation, the Fan Blades should be from 7 feet 6 melies to a feet from floor. For instance, a so feet realing should have not less than a 2 foot liver Fan.

Appendages Specially Designed for Running Fans.

Bolsters	for F	an's (Rou	nd), 8 i	nch		\$0.35
,,	,,	,, ,,	10	" to 18	in. drop inclusive	0.50
"	,,	" (Trian	gular).	, 2 ft. to	3 ft. 6 in. ,,	.75
.,,	**	,, ,	,	4 ft. to	5 ft. 6 ,, ,,	1.00
,,	22				8 ft. ,, ,,	1.50
,,					Idlers, 5 in. to 11 in	
Bolsters					dlers, 12 in. to 18 in	
	drop	inclusive				0.45
Shafting	g (3/4 i	nch) per	foot			0.25
,,						
Coupling						
,,	,,	7/8 ,,	,,			1.75
	nter S	Shafts var	y in pr	ice accor	ding to style and s	ize.
Idler H	orizon	tal, 5 inc	h drop.	, standar	d style	2.50
*1	,,	6 ,,	,,	17	,,	2.60
,,	,,	7 ,,	3.5	. 11	,,	2.70
22	,,	8 ,,	11		,,	2.80
**	,,	9 ,,	11	11	,,	2.90
22	,,	10 ,,	,,	11	,,	3.00
11	,,	11 ,,	,,	**	.,	3.15
"	22	12 ,,	,,	* * *	,,	3.30
,,	,,,	13 ,,	* 7	1,9		3-45
,,	3.5	14 ,,	,,	19	,,	3.60
Pri	ce of I	ELABOR	ATE	vary acco	ording to finish.	
Idler V	ertical	, 6 inch	drop, s	tandard :	style	
1.7	2.2	ΙΟ ,,	11	1,9	,,	4.00
"	2.1	12 ,,	,,	* * *		4.50
,,	2.7	18 ,,	7.7	* 1	.,,	5.00
77	,,	24 ,,	, ,	11	.,,	5.50
11	71	30 ,,	,,	,,		J
,,	,,	36 ,,	* *	,,	**	7.00
Pri	ce of]	ELABOR	ATE	vary acco	ording to finish.	

Hang	ers, 5 i	nch G	irder	, and s	tandar	d styl	e			1.00
- ,,	6	**	11		11	,,				1.05
,,	7	11	11	11	11	11				1.10
19	8	,,	1,7	1,	11	12				1-15
1,	9	,,	19	1.9	11	,,				1.20
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11	ΙI	**	1.2	- 22	2.2	9.9				1.30
,,	I 2	11	,,	,,	11	,,				1.40
,,	13	,,	11	,,	11	22				1.50
,,	14	,,	**	,,	11	71				1.60
,,	18	11	17	11	11	**				2,00
,,	6	., Br	acke	t	11	19				1.50
	rice of	ELA	BOR	ATE	vary ac		ig to	finish.		J
								ch		0.50
,,	,,,	,		,,						0.75
11	,,	,				-		inch		0.50
21	,,	,						ch		0.75
9.1							-	inch		1.25
2.2	,,	.,	11			1/2 .,	41/4	,,		1.50
**	11	12	2.1			3/4 "	47/8	,,		1.75
2.2	22		,,			18 ,,	7 1/2	,,		2.25
	,,		,,		,, 8		91/4	,,		3.00
7.7	,,	11 7		e Groo			2 / 18	38 inch		3.75
1.7	,,	* 1	11	2.1				1 13 1/4 i		4.50
3.5	Shear	re, 8 ir	ich							1.50
2.2	,,	9	,,							1.65
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,,	,,	1.1	,,							1.90
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* *	Flat S	Specia	1, 3 in	nch dia	meter,			ace		1.30
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22	., =	11	8	9.9		11	11			1.80

Pulley,	Flat Sp	ecia.	l, 9	inch	diam	eter, 2 1/	inch	face		\$2.15
,,,	7.7	11	ΙO	9.1		11		19		2.50
11	51	11	11	, ,		11		11		2.60
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7.7	2.7	11	13	3.5		**		11		3.00
11	27	11	14	11		٠,		,,		3.20
2.1	2.7	21	15	71		22		,,		3.40
21	13.	2.2	16	,	5	11		11		3.70
77	79.9	1.1	18	,	3	11		11		4.20
2.5	2.2	12	20	,	3	9.3		,,		4.55
2.2	,,	11	2.2	,	,	12		19		5.30
7.3	,,	"	24	,		2.2		,1		5.90
Belt, S	pecial I	eath	ier,	1 inc	h wic	le, per f	oot			0.10
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,,	17			I 3/4	"	7 7				0.20
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"	11			2 1/4	3.7	2.1				0.26
**	11			2 1/2	17	,,				0.30
19	11			23/4	11	"				0.33
7.9	**			3	9.1	2.3				0.36
,,	,,			3 1/2	11	2.7				0.43
2.2	11			4	2.1	-3.7				0.50
7 7	,,			4/2	2.2	,,				0.56
,,	2.7			5	2.2	7.7				0.63
19	11			5 1/2	7.1	5.7				0.70
"	7.7			6	, ,	,,			<i></i>	0.83
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,,	,,			7 8	,,	17				1.02
7.9	7.9				1.9	19				1.15
2.9	11			9	2.9	1,9				1.29
",	**			10	11	11				1.42
**	1.7			11	13	٠,				1.55
"	Cannial	D _{OI}	nd	1 2 5_ in	ch I	eather.				.14
71	Special		mu,	3/8		outilet.				.18
"		1 7		1/2	,,					.30
"		13		5/8	,,					.36
19		3.9		/0	11					

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							1.65
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			- X14		mg .		
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					N'S AL	od a m	F. ST. Cik.
			- 731		x.B.		31.
			- 8		-72		all
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			- 4		30		34
			- 45		30		10.
					3/6-		410
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				ton 5 70	With.	Sweep	
		(Mode		1.0.00	. Rivers	rell year	. "
			FOR THEIR	OUTD ATO	CT SHOWS		1,24
Print Novda			Size, w.	E at 10-31	THE RES		4.00

NOTICE.

We would not extend to the variety of our Meaner, three-et and Plat Publicys, used expountly for driving light inschools, which is the brygon to be found in the market. View are not calls light in neight, but of some parties. We also have a mean design of correspondingly light Hangvey.

IN ORDERING FANS

See that Agents furnish the Fans complete, with all attachments. They cost no more, and are a protection against sudden changes of temperature.

THE SIZE OR DROP OF SUSPENDED FANS

is determined by the height of ceiling, and the best result is obtained by keeping them about seven feet six inches from the floor. If your ceiling is ten feet high, your order should call for a fan two feet six inches drop. In case of a low ceiling, a less drop can be used to advantage.

SPEED OF FANS.

To obtain a good circulation of air, the Fans should be run according to the sweep of blades, and as near the following speed as possible:

Fan Blades (standard size) sweep four feet ten inches, revo-	
lutions per minute	155
Fan Blades (medium size) sweep five feet six inches, revo-	
lutions per minute	150
Fan Blades (large size) sweep six feet three inches, revolu-	
tions per minute	140

STEAM POWER

We build a special small size Engine for driving Fans. It possesses advantages not to be found in those of ordinary construction, takes up but little room, and runs at a very low steam pressure, which is what is wanted in warm weather, and for boilers confined to low pressure.

INSTRUCTIONS.

N parting my Seneration Pass, and to insure sade and proper fasterings, care must be taken to find beams, to at 1 the fan frames should be attached, many screws of sufficount brought to palents of a bodd of at loast one and a built to two. to her seconding to some of tun. Where it is found necessary, on account of the width of a room, to have fans on either side, on Line Poult Abeald ran Brough the centre of the recon it territor frame, tank we usually placed in the centre and the I Shall close to the sale wall. The Hangers that support I have though the placed about two feet apart, and fastened to be a training of the contract of the land of the la the second of the second secon are the first in the case of complete, to prevent any possible are my sectionally of shafe. The standard length of our threeor were Lore minute in ten front. Each fan should receive reason from the On Law Shall. They can be run Tundem, or one from the other. It is not plymatic between to the and the or three tree this way. In cases where recomare equipped at he a greater, passer can be assumpted from one to the other he comes of latters, where we furnish for that pur-

When power is recipled from a Water Money, the Middle in the place of the former convenient point, for the per-

IN ORDERING FANS

The Following Information is Requested:

NUMBER OF FANS REQUIRED.

LENGTH OF ROOM, feet, inches.

WIDTH OF ROOM, feet, inches.

HEIGHT OF CEILING, feet, inches.

HEIGHT OF GAS FIXTURE BURNER FROM FLOOR, feet, inches.

DISTANCE OF GAS FIXTURES FROM FRONT OF BUILDING, feet, inches.

DISTANCE OF GAS FIXTURES FROM REAR OF BUILDING, feet, inches.

DISTANCE OF GAS FIXTURES FROM SIDE WALLS, feet, inches.

DISTANCE OF GAS FIXTURES FROM EACH OTHER, feet, inches.

ON WHAT FLOOR OR FLOORS ARE FANS TO BE USED?

Do You Propose Using a Steam Engine, Water or Electric Motor?

IS THERE STEAM POWER IN BUILDING?

ARE YOU SUPPLIED WITH CITY WATER? IF SO, STATE PRESSURE.

HAVE YOU A SEWER CONNECTION?

PLEASE MAKE A PLAN OR SKETCH, SHOWING LOCATION OF GAS FIXTURES, COUNTERS, OR ANY OTHER FIXTURES IN ROOM AND RELATIVE DISTANCES.

The above information will enable us to give cost of complete outfit.



SEYMOUR'S PATENT EXHAUST FAN.

For Ventilating, Drying, Cooling, or Moving Economically
Large Bodies of Air.

POSITIVELY NO BACK DRAFT.

For full particulars relating to Exhaust Fans, send for Special Catalogue:

EXHAUST FAN.

HE Fan shown on opposite page is a well-built, strong and effective machine. The peculiar construction of the blades and conical frame make a fan that in one year has won for itself a wide reputation.

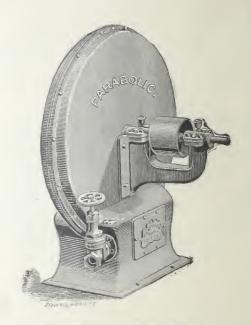
It will move more air for the power used than any fan ever made.

It has Self-oiling Bearings, and is in every way well built and durable.

Size.	Speed.	Horse	Capacity Cubic Feet	Pul	ley.	Price.	Box, Net.	
	1	Power	per Minute.	Diam.	Face			
18	1,000	. 24	3,100	3	2 1/2	\$40.00	\$0.75	
24	1,000	.59	7,200	4	2 1/2	50.00	1.00	
30	1,000	. 86	12,100	6	2 12	65.00	1.25	
36	1,000	1.18	17,900	8	2 16	85.00	1.50	
42	1,000	1.90	25,600	8	2 1/2	110.00	1.75	
48	800	2.15	34,400	10	2 1 2	125.00	2.00	

The above are about the maximum speeds, and it is better to run fans slower. If required, the power at any speed will be given.

SEND FOR DISCOUNTS.



The Parabolic Water Motor.

SEYMOUR PATENT, NOVEMBER 30, 1886.

THE PARABOLIC WATER MOTOR.

T is a well-known and an established fact that in cities or places provided with water, that a properly constructed water motor for light mechanical purposes is the safest, most convenient and reliable power that can be used. Parties contemplating the use of water as a motive power, will, by giving us a call before placing their orders, save money, both in cost of machine and use of water.

The Paramete can be used advantageously for driving Church Organs, Ise Cream Frences, Printing Printer, Elevators, Coffee Mills, and every and all kinds of light machinery. We have already demonstrated by practical tests, that the Parabolic, besides being the cheapest and most reliable, will devolop more power with a greater saving of water than any other water motor in the market.

A series of tests made by hydraulic experts has fully established the Parabolic's high claim for efficiency, the tests, as conducted, being positive and conclusive, via weighing the water used, under a pressure of 50 lbs, to the square on h and comparing the same with the number of points weight viscil in feet per minute.

A comparative test with well-known and extensively used motors was made at the same time and place, and under the same conditions, developed the fact that the Pacabolic, using the same amount of water, did over the per cost, more work

In addition to the above, there are other reasons why the Parabolic is superior to all others

First. It is the only Water Motor that is provided with brass working parts, where the same are subjected to the action of the water Second. It has hard anti-friction metal bearings, therebyreducing the friction to a minimum.

Third. It works as well with sandy or muddy water as with clear.

Fourth. Should a stone or eel get wedged in the nozzle, it can be removed without disturbing the plumbing work.

Fifth. The prices are lower than any other motor in the market, and include a Straight-way Valve, Union, Nipple and Driving Pulley, either flat or grooved.

PRICES

XX	Inch	Motor,	Complete		00
18	14.			55.0	56
71				75	30
30		36	100		0.0
	90	6	190	Double Capacity. 180 4	00

SMALL SUPPLY PIPES.

Many users of motors imagine that by using small pipes they make a saving in water. This is not only a mistaken idea, but take economy. The norale at the motor should at all times have the full main or supply pipe pressure. This cannot be had if the area of tend pipe is contracted below the proper limit. The use of small pipes means a greater consumption of water arts an increased friction in the supply pipe. The effective into which is thus wasted can be utilized, and the power of the money brought up to its proper standard of efficiency by conforming to the above.

In ordering, state the amount of water pressure, and the distance from street mans to motor.

In evidence of the claims made for the Parabolic, we refer to the following destinoutals from well known parties.

TESTIMONIALS.

NEW SEE, N. J., October 25, 1880.

Messrs, Sevenille & Warrings, City

Gentlemen.—In reply to your improve asking for a fair and impartial statement relating to the merits of the zz-inch Parabolic Water Motor executly put in our Temple to take the place of a mount Backers Water Motor, can only say, that as to the comparative metits of the two motors, a simple state-

ment of our experience will be all thus is madel.

Some time ago we purchased a securch Rackus Water Motor to drive our organ. Finding it did not formed power enough to do the work, we were compelled to use man power to assist the motor believing the transit was due to an insufficient water pressure until any attention was called to the power developed by your Motor. We take great pleasure in easing that the Parabolic Water Motor, although much smaller than the lise are their pent 22 inches), to doing all you claim for it. We use less water, here an along dance of power, and in every way it is working to our cultivation.

Respectfully yours.

I LEUCHT.

STREETS AT THE SET PART SUBSTRUM.

OR AND OR MARKET STREET, NEW-YER, N. L. Detober 5, 1984.

Meers Seymons & Worrlock, Lity

Canti-You are at perfect thereby be see my tourse in convert on with the Paradiolic Water Motor, and perfectionly so as it has exceeded my expectations. I am using less water, and as near as I can podge, getting shows double the amount of power I no from the same six that has Motor I am only sorry I did not make the exchange section.

Yours Bridge

JULIUW ISAACS

IAN MARRET STREET

NEWARK, N. J., October 14, 1886.

Measure Sevenous & Whythock !

Gentlemen—Von ask for an expression regarding the Parabose Water Motor formished me last summer. It gives me pleasure to state that I are well pleased with it—so much so that I shall want at the formished in the main building. I can give it is better early some

Yours train.

DITTO MOLTER

216 MARKET STREET,

PATERSON, N. J., October 28, 1886.

Messis. Seymour & Whitlock, Newark, N. J.:

Gentlemen-It affords me pleasure to add my testimony to the already

well-known merits of your Parabolic Water Motor.

Speaking from practical experience, I do not believe there is a water motor in the market (using the same amount of water) that can do the work the one I purchased of you is doing. As a motive power I consider the Parabolic the cheapest, best and most convenient now in use.

Yours respectfully,

JOSEPH A. REINHARDT.

210 MARKET STREET,

NEWARK, N. J., September 8, 1886.

Messrs. Seymour & Whitlock, City:

Gentlemen—In answer to yours of the 6th inst., must say that I am more than pleased with your Parabolic Water Motor. It has been running for several months, has given no trouble, and furnishes me with all the power I need I must admit that before the motor was started I did not believe that so small a one would do my work; my opinion, however, was based on what I had seen of other motors.

Yours very truly,

ANDREW B. COELLN.

441 BROAD STREET,

NEWARK, N. J., September 14, 1886.

Messrs. Sfymour & Whitlock:

Gents—My experience with your Parabolic Water Motor has been entirely satisfactory. It furnishes more power than I supposed it would with so small a stream of water, and must say that I know of no other motor that can equal it in that particular. I recommend it with pleasure.

Very truly yours,

HERMAN R. ALBERSON.

NEWARK, N. J., October 27, 1886.

Messrs. Seymour & Whitlock:

Gentlemen—In reply to your request asking for my opinion concerning the Parabolic Water Motor recently purchased of you, will say that I consider it in every respect the most perfect machine of its kind in the market. It does all you claim for it.

Yours truly,

MICHAEL HELMSTAEDTER,

335 Mulberry Street

276 BANK STREET,

NEWARK, N. J., September 22, 1886.

Messrs, Seymour & Whitlock, City:

Gentlemen—I must say, that previous to seeing the Parabolic, I had but little faith in Water Motors. I am glad now I gave yours a trial. I have all the power I want, and shall be pleased to have any one call and see the work it is doing.

Respectfully yours,

SOLOMON OURY.

208 & 210 SPRINGFIELD AVE.,

NEWARK, N. J., October 20, 1886.

Messes. Seymour & Whitlock :

Gentlemen—I am highly pleased with your Parabolic Water Motor. It is always ready for use, safe, cheap and reliable. A trial will convince any one of its superiority over others. I would not be without it for ten times its cost.

Yours truly,

SIMON HEYMAN.

NEWARK, N. J., Oct. 12, 1886.

Messis. Seymour & Whitlock:

Gents—After giving your Parabolic Water Motor several months' trial. I am convinced, that for the purpose for which it is intended, it has no superior, and would say to others in search of a cheap and reliable power, to try the Parabolic.

Yours truly,

J. SPATCHER,

So Market Street.

NEWARK, N. J., October 26, 1886.

Messrs. Seymour & Whitlock, City.

Gentlemen—I can recommend your Parabolic Water Motor to be all you claim for it, and from my experience, when compared with others, would seem as if you had reached the limit of perfection.

Respectfully yours,

THOS. KENNY,

655 Broad Street.

33 SPRINGFIELD AVE.,

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 28, 1886.

Messts, SEYMOUR & WHITLOCK.

Gentlemen—Your Parabolic Water Motor has my hearty endorsement. It works to perfection, and I cheerfully recommend it as a durable and reliable motive power.

Yours truly,

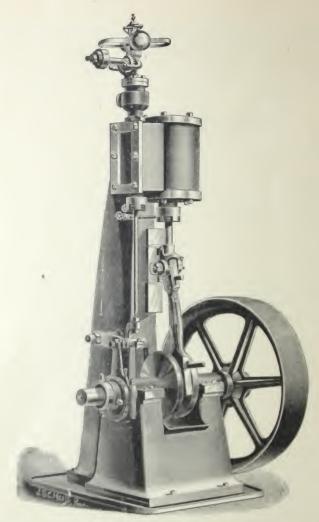
I. H HEMMENDINGER.



The Whitlock Dynamo Engine.

THE WHITLOCK DYNAMO ENGINE

construction may answer for many mechanical purposes, there are but few in the market that can be used advantageously or successfully to run Dynamos for Electric Lighting. Having engines now in use, driving Dynamos for Electric Lighting plants, and which have been subjected to the severest tests by well-known experts, we feel able to say, without feel of contradiction, that for economy of space, decability and a market and reliable power (which is indespensable to secure a positive and steady light), it has but few equals, and no superior. And that while we do not set up the claim so common with many buildiers that ours is the best in the market, gut we do claim that on engine has done or can do better work. We therefore myine parties requiring an engine for lighting purposes to compare its both in quality and price, with other first class engines.



THE WHITLOCK ENGINE.

THE WHITLOCK INDEPENDENT VERTICAL STEAM ENGINE.

THE accompanying Engraving represents the Whitlock new Independent or Double Crank Engine. As shown by the cut, it has two bearings for the grank shaft, both being sust solid with the frame, as are also the cross-head slides; in so doing there can be no derangement of lines. The bearings are long and large in diameter, with best of metal, thus insuring strength and durability (as in excess of needful duty. They are made both with balance and plain slide valves, with lap to ant off as early as is practicable, and of constant motion, providing for cushion millicient for smooth running. The valve rod, piston rod, cross-head pin connecting rod, gib, key and straps are of steel, as well as the crank-shaft. The steel connecting rod is cast bullow, for both hybiness and strength, and the piston is also east hollow, with then walls, for devaluity and lightness. The boxes for the crank-shaft have adjusting screwsthus obviating the necessity for lining, as they can be adjusted. so as to leave the shafts to turn treely on their bearing. Drain cocks are used for all condensation of calmiller and steam client.

A test with steam is made of every angine before it leaves our shop, and all parts adjusted, so that the engine is made to run when set up and steam applied. Their operation is massless; their durability is unquestioned.

We challenge all Vertical Engine builders for comparison in simplicity of construction and case of adjustment in all of its parts. We use gib and key in the connecting rod, believing it is the best, as it saves time in adjusting, therefore saves money.

For sizes and Price List, see next page

PRICE LIST OF INDEPENDENT VERTICAL ENGINES.

SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

Horse Power.			ಣ	10	-1	10
Price of Finish'd Engines.			091\$	175	240	260
Height to Top of Governor.		Ft. In.	7	+	25	SS
Height from Floorto Top of Cylinder.		Ft. In.	3 6	3 6	4 7	4 7
Height of Shaft from Floor.		Ft. In.	I I	I I	1 3	I 3
Space Occupied on Floor.		t In. Ft. In.	5 N I 10	5 x I IO	IOX 2 +	ION 2 +
Pipe. Size of Exhaust Pipe.		. In. Fi	34 1 1	T I	1 1/1	1 1/2 1
Total Weight of Engine with Wheel. Size of Steam		Lbs. In.	425	500	950 1	,000,
Wheel,		Lbs.	120	175	275	350 1
Size of Wheel.	Dia. Fa.	In. In.	20 x 3	20 x 4	26 x 5	26 x 6
Size and Length of Cross Head Pin.	Dia. L.	Im. Im.	1 X I 12	I X 1 12	14 x 2	14 x 2
Size and Length of Crank Pin.	Dia. L.	In. In.	$\mathrm{I}^{\beta_{\frac{1}{4}}} \mathrm{X} 2^{1_{2}}$	$1^3 \downarrow \times 2^{1/2}$	21 × 3	214 × 3
Minute. Diameter of Shaft.		In.	0 5	0 3	0 2 12	0 212
Revolutions per	St'ke	In.	300	5 300	1 250	7 250
Size	Dia. St	In. 1	314 X	×. +	5 ×	x 9
Horse Power.			00	10	[=	10

WITH PLAIN VALVE ALL ABOVE THIS.

10 WITH OUTSIDE BEARINGS ALL BELOW THIS, AND WITH EITHER PLAIN OR BALANCE VALVE. 525 N 2 21/2 2 2/2 2 500 1,900 600 2,200 700 2,550 134 x 234 42 x 9 36 x 8 36 x 7 200 312 212 X 3/2 1,2 X 234 200 3/2 212 X 312 112 X 234 234 N 4 0 N

134 x 312 + 12 x 10 900 3,000 2 - x 312 + 8 x 10 1000 4,200

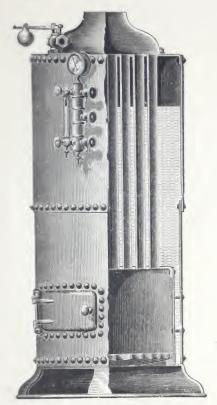
234 X 4

N OI

150

35

522



Sectional View of Boiler.

We wish to call special attention to our Upright Boiler. We claim this style of Boiler to be the safest that is made. The material used is of extra quality. The outside shell and fire box are thoroughly stay-bolted together, and the tubes are expanded in such a way as to give the greatest possible strength to the crown sheet. We claim that it is next to impossible to explode one of these Boilers, and would say that although such an accident might happen, yet an occurrence of the kind has never been brought to our attention.

For Price List and dimensions, see next page.

SPECIFICATIONS AND PRICE LIST FOR UPRIGHT TUBULAR BOILERS.

SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

NUMBER OF SIZE.	ires	2	3	4	NO.	9	7	00	6	10	11	12	13	71
Horse Power	65	20	9	7	oc	10	12	15	IS	20	25	30	35	0†
Diameter of Boiler, inches. Height of Boiler, feet. Diameter of Furnace, inches. Hight of Furnace, inches. Thickness of Shell. Thickness of Furnace. Thickness of Heads. Number of 2-inch Tubes. Length of Tubes, inches. Diameter of bottom of Base, mches. Height of Bonnet, Inches. Height of Bonnet, Inches.	- 2 - 2 + 4 × 8 0 5 5 1 1 80 V	2333%744255	12 2 2 4 4 4 8 6 8 8 E C C C	0. 23.44.44.89.90.10.11.13.7	00 2744486844 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	25 2 2 2 4 4 4 8 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 8 2 3 5 5 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	£ 82 2 4 4 8 8 2 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 7 8 4 7 7 8 4 9 8 5 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	72, 75 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	40. No. 1234, 134, 134, 134, 134, 134, 134, 134, 1	NO. NO. 171	45 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	48 2 7 7 8 8 2 7 7 8 8 2 7 8 8 2 7 8 8 2 7 8 8 2 7 8 8 8 2 7 8 7 8
Weight of Boiler without Fixtures	300	000	1100	500	500 600		1750 2100	700	2600	2700	3500	4000	4250 1050	4850
Weight of Boiler and Fixtures complete	1050	1300 1525	525	800	1800 1950 2140 2400 2800	0+1	100	800	3500	3600	4500	5050	5300	5900
Price of Boiler complete with all Fixtures except Smoke Pipe.	\$140 \$160 \$180 \$200 \$215 \$235 \$255 \$285	\$160	\$180	\$200	\$215	233	255	3285	\$348	\$364	8418	\$465	€ 488	\$530

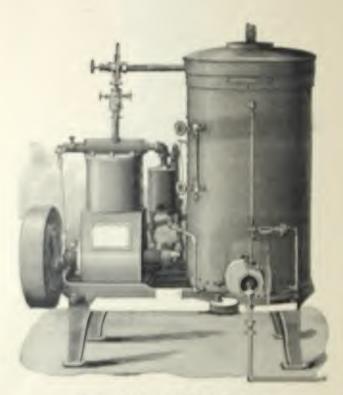


THE NASH GAS ENGINE.

gine. It can be started instantaneously, and wherever placed has given entire satisfaction. It takes up but a small space and requires but little care to keep in order. This engine, as its name indicates, can be used only where gas is obtainable.

The size of Engines are as follows, with the maximum number of fans that can be driven:

No.	30	will	drive	5]	Fans.	Price				-	
7 7	31	27	22	8	,,	,,					
1.9	32	2.1	,,	16	,,	,,			٠		
11	3.3	11	11	34	11	, ,					



Acms Automatic Safety Engine

7 - 1 mi particulars, and for Special Cetalogue

THE ACME AUTOMATIC SAFETY ENGINE.

IVE hundred of these Engines were sold during the years 1888-9. They are provided with the patent non-explosive sectional boiler, and as a small motive power fill a want long needed, being safe, easily managed, cheap, durable, and adapted to all kinds of light work.

The fuel is kerosene oil of 110° to 115° fire test (this grade giving the best results), atomized by a steam jet, and controlled by an automatic fire regulator that reduces or cuts off entirely the supply of fuel when the steam pressure reaches the limit at which the regulator is adjusted. This fire gives a most intense flame and heat, is easily controlled, makes more even and constant supply of steam from the same amount of heating surface than any other fuel, except natural gas mingled with air, and it is a matter of doubt which of these two gives the hottest flame. The fuel is cleanly; no dust, ashes or smoke, when the fire is properly adjusted, and *cheaper than hard coal at* \$4.50 per ton. As it is not subjected to any heat or flame until it enters the *fire tube*, it is as safe or rather much safer than an *oil lamp*.

SPRICE LIST.

One H. P., weight 400 lbs., extreme floor space 32 x 24	
in., Pulley 9 in. diameter, 500 revolutions per min-	
ute; fuel, Kerosene Oil. Price	\$150.00
Two H. P., weight 620 lbs., floor space 42 x 28 in., Pul-	
ley 15 in. diameter, 400 revolutions per minute;	
fuel, Kerosene Oil. Price	225.00
Three H. P., weight 750 lbs., floor space 46 x 30 in., Pul-	
ley 15 in. or 18 in., as ordered, 400 to 450 revolutions	
per minute; fuel, Kerosene Oil. Price	275.00
Four H. P., weight 1,100 lbs., floor space 52 x 38 in., Pul-	
ley 20 in. diameter, 400 revolutions per minute;	
fuel, Kerosene Oil. Price	350.00

ACME BOAT ENGINES AND BOILERS.

For Use on Waters where U. S. Inspection is Required.

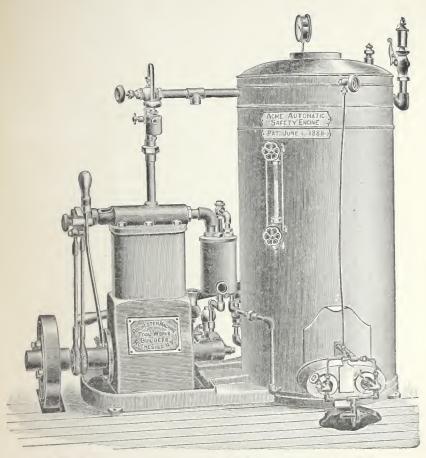
FOR OUT OF SAME SEE OPPOSITE PAGE.

One H. P. Engine, 15 H. P. Botler, weight about 375 lbs.,
space occupied in Boat, 33 in, long x 27 in wide to clear
all attachments. Price
Two H P. Engine, j H P Boiler, weight about 600 lbs.,
space occupied as above, 41 in long x 30 in wide Price \$275
Four H. P. Engine, 5 H. P. Boiler, weight about 800 lbs.,
space occupied as above, 50 in long x 36 in, wide. Price \$400
The above Engines and Boilers have their center of gravity
very low. Can be run at a high rate of speed without jar or
racking the boat and are fitted with steam and water glass
gange, and also water gauge cocks, feed water, heater and pump.
also with miretor as supplemental in case pump should tail, and
In fact are fitted soit complete to meet the requirements of the
U.S. laws governing the inspection of such engines and boilers.
Also with a steam syphon to eject the hilge water, are nack, etc.,
at the prices as above.

EXTRAS FOR BOAT ENGINES.

One H. P. Eugene, 14 in. steel shart wheel, storn bearing
and stuffing beautiful control of the State
Two lit P. Lugine, a la in steel shaft which, stern bearing.
and stuffing box 15 se
Four H. P. Engine, vig in steel shaft wheel, stern bear-
ing and stading box
The propuller wheels we formish are cost from bronse metal,
sic light, smooth and strong.
We also freely continue a broke from the many continues W

We also furnish cast from wheels from the name patterns, if desired.



ACME BOAT ENGINE AND BOILER.

For Full Particulars Send for Special Catalogue.



THE PARABOLIC WATER MOTOR.

Insurar Petant, Masambar 29, 1885